

MOVE-8: Separating Interface from Logic

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Or, How to get from What we Have To What we Want



BackGround



Strategic Issues

- Legacy issues used to be in the business process
- Now, it's the software
- Business can't adapt if legacy software is too hard to change



The Goal

"Rewrite the software

(Implicit: so it can do 'anything')



What is our Purpose

How to create software that is:

- Competitive
- Responsive
- Flexible
- Multiple Interfaces
- Changeable
- Maintainable
- Functional
- Fast



Problem (cont'd)

- Market "Demands" change
- Sales Force
 - Must Have Competitive Products
- Functionality
 - Often Requires Web
 - GUI would add
 - Flexibility
 - Features
 - Power
 - Character is often most efficient



Today's Software Issues

- Existing, functional software
- Interface
 - Character
 - User-friendly
 - Rich
 - Efficient
- Robust mechanics



What is the REAL problem?

The software world has changed, but

Our

- Understanding
 - Skills
 - Tools
 - Have not



What are the Questions to Ask?



What Skills do we Have?

- Classic Progress®
- GUI
- n-Tier
- Web Services



What are the issues we face?

Technical

- Microsoft
- Progress
- Oracle
- Business
 - Sales
 - Politics
 - Ignorance



The Developer's Dilemma

What ever happened to:

• For each customer: display customer.



What to think about

- Interface Objectives
- System Architecture
- Durability
 - Interface
 - Environment
- Maintainability
- Performance



What's possible

- Multiple Interfaces
- Dynamic or Static
- Modular code
- Great flexibility
- Good performance



What's not Probable

- Complete, automated rewrite
- Simple porting of old application
- Direct translation of old features



Project Case Study



Project Background

- Clinical Scheduling software
- Robust character interface
- Robust mechanics
- ASP model



Objectives

- Keep interface
- Isolate from all DB access
- Allow some on-line (web) access
- Allow users to continue using character
- Deliver choice of on-line, GUI or TTY



What we did

- Convert existing app to multi-interface
- Chose WebClient[™] for web
- Character interface to be retained
- GUI was client of choice
- AppServer[™] enabled

How we did it

- Analyzed Application
- Separated screens into categories
- Rewrote some
- Templates for others



Secondary Analysis

- Looked at code functions
- What could be retained
 - Data requests
 - Validation
 - Business Logic



How to minimize the effort of rewriting code

- Reproduce the interface
- Parse out
 - Data requests
 - Validation
- Extract other logic*
 - Retain current logic as much as possible
- * Otherwise known as cut and paste



What we Did



Overview

- Designed templates
- Built tools
- Crafted new code
- Cut and paste AND automation



Theory and Process

- Use a repository as target for current application's information
 - Screen Definitions
 - Data retrieval
 - Other information (logic, etc)



Populating the Repository

- Use run-time tool to derive screen information
- Use code parser to derive data queries and some other logic



Screen repository

Simple Model:

- Parent table stores frame, table and query information for a screen
- Child table stores primary screen object information (fill-ins) for this frame
- The demo of this model is for single-table, singlerecord maintenance screens with fill-ins

- (Full application more complex and robust)



Frame / Table Table

Field-Name	Type	Format
ProgName	char	x(20)
TableName	char	x(15)
ValidateProgram	char	x(20)
FrameName	char	X(10)
FrameRow	inte	>9
FrameCol	inte	>9
FrameWidth	inte	>>9
FrameHeight	inte	>9
FrameTitle	char	X(20)
FrameBox	logi	yes/no
QueryPhrase	char	X(40)
OneRecord	logi	yes/no



Storing Frame into Repository

```
assign
        = self.frame
hFrame
hField = hFrame:first-child
hfield = hfield:first-tab-item.
do while valid-handle(hField):
  if hField:table <> ? then leave.
  hField = hField:next-sibling.
end.
if valid-handle(hField) and hField:table <> ?
   then TableName = hField:table.
find first MaintScreen where MaintScreen.ProgName = vProgName
  and MaintScreen.framename = hFrame:name no-error.
if not available(MaintScreen) then do:
  create MaintScreen.
  assign ProgName
                      = vProgName
                      = hField:table
         TableName
         FrameName
                      = hFrame:name
         FrameRow
                      = hFrame:row
                      = hFrame:column
         FrameCol
         FrameWidth
                      = hFrame:width
         FrameHeight = hFrame:height
         FrameTItle
                      = hframe:title
                      = hFrame:box.
         FrameBox
end.
```



Screen object repository

- Screen object information
- Field Name Table
- Format Datatype

Label Width

- Etc.
- Code initiated on "hotkey"
- Walked screen widget tree
- "TTY Browsers" (and other) not converted



Prototyping New Screens

Using a repository allows prototyping new screens with AppBuilder and storing those screens into the repository



Field Table

Field-Name	Туре	Format
Progname	char	x(20)
FrameName	char	x(10)
FieldName	char	x(15)
FieldRow	deci	>9.99
FieldColumn	deci	>9.99
FieldFormat	char	x(10)
FieldWidth	deci	>9.99
FieldLabel	char	x(20)
ValidateString	char	x(30)
ValidateMessage	char	x(40)
Tooltip	char	x(40)
HelpString	char	x(40)
Maintain	logi	yes/no



Storing Fields into repository

```
do while valid-handle(hField):
  if hField:type = "fill-in" then do:
    find first MaintField
     where MaintField.ProgName = MaintScreen.ProgName
        and MaintField.Framename = hFrame:name
        and fieldname = hField:name no-error.
    if not available(MaintField) then do:
      create MaintField.
      assign MaintField.ProgName = vProgName.
   end.
    assign
     MaintField.FieldName = hfield:name
     MaintField.FieldRow = hField:row
     MaintField.Fieldcolumn = hField:column
     MaintField.FieldWidth = hField:width
     MaintField.FieldLabel = hField:label
     MaintField.FieldFormat = hField:format.
  end.
 hField = hField:next-tab-item.
end.
```



Interface Generation

- Dynamic Browsers
- Simple Maintenance Screens
- Temp-tables from DB fields



Frame Generation

```
for each MaintScreen no-lock:
 put unformatted "form " skip.
  for each MaintField no-lock
   where MaintField.progname = MaintScreen.progname
    and MaintScreen.framename = MaintField.framename :
   put unformatted "t" FieldName " at row "
  MaintField.FieldCol " column " MaintField.FieldCol
skip.
 end.
 put unformatted
    "with " skip
    "row " framerow skip
    "column " framecol skip
    "size " framewidth " by " frameheight skip
    if FrameBox then "" else " no-box " skip
    "side-label " skip
    if session:window-system <> "tty" then "three-d"
    else "" skip
    "frame " MaintScreen.framename "." skip(1)
end.
```


Interface Options

- Static screen: code generation
 - This presentation
- Dynamic: uses code template
 - 2005 presentation on all-dynamic



Code Parsing

Tools:

- Hand-built parser
- JoanJu's ProParse & ProLint



Parser Overview

Look for Data query stuff (for, find ...)
 sosomt.p|for|91| for each so_mstr no-lock where so_nbr > "a"
 Analyze & store to DB

MaintScreen.QueryPhrase = `where so_nbr > "a"'



Query Generation

for each MaintScreen no-lock:

• • •

put unformatted "run get_" maintscreen.tablename ".p"

"('" MaintScreen.TableName "',"

MaintScreen.queryphrase ","

MaintScreen.OneRecord

", input-output table " Temptablename ")."

end.



Methodology

- Look for Data query stuff (for, find ...)
- Analyze & store to DB
- Convert to consistent selections
 - Use queries
 - For each and find use same code
- Ultimate goal: drive data selections to a temptable



Alternatives

- This demo uses static temp-tables
 - Easier to visualize and read in demo
 - More concrete for less abstract developers
- Could use ProDataSets
 - Smaller footprint (1 program)
 - Much harder to maintain
 - Harder to visualize
 - See all-dynamic 2005 for examples



Screen and Query Generator Code Samples



Query Generation

```
for each MaintScreen no-lock:
    /* generate a program to get data for this table */
    output to value("{&dirname}get_" + MaintScreen.TableName +
    ".p").
    put unformatted "/* get_" MaintScreen.TableName ".p "
        skip
        "Routine to get data based on query from client */ "
        skip(1)
        chr(123)
        'get_data.i &TableName = "' MaintScreen.TableName '"}'
        skip.
    output close.
    /* end data retrieval */
```



Generated Query Routine

/* get_so_mstr.p
Routine to get data based on query from client */

{get_data.i &TableName = "so_mstr"}



Query Include - Definitions

```
/* get data.i
Routine to get data based on guery from client
*/
define temp-table t{&TableName} like {&TableName}
  field tRowid as rowid.
define input parameter pTableName as char.
define input parameter pQueryPhrase as char.
define input parameter pOneRecord
                                    as log.
/* note that this is a static temp-table */
define input-output parameter table for t{&TableName}.
define variable hDBQuery as handle.
define variable hTTBuffer as handle.
define variable hDBBuffer as handle.
```



Query Include - Setup

```
assign
hTTBuffer = buffer t{&TableName}:handle
pQueryPhrase = "for each " + pTableName +
" no-lock where " + pqueryphrase.
```

/* first, create an empty DB buffer structure */
create buffer hDBBuffer for table pTableName.
create query hDBQuery.

/* point the query to the DB table */
hDBQuery:set-buffers(hDBBuffer).

```
/* get the query ready and open it */
hDBQuery:query-prepare(pQueryPhrase).
hDBQuery:query-open().
```



Query Include - Retrieval

```
repeat:
hDBQuery:get-next().
if not hDBQuery:query-off-end then do:
    /* create records in the temp table */
    hTTBuffer:buffer-create().
    /* copy the DB record to the TT */
    hTTBuffer:buffer-copy(hDBBuffer).
    /* then the rowid of the DB record */
    hTTBuffer:buffer-field("trowid"):buffer-value =
    hDBBuffer:rowid.
    if pOneRecord then leave.
end.
else leave.
end.
```



Screen Generation



Program Setup

for each MaintScreen no-lock:

```
/* generate a program to display and retrieve data */
output to value(MaintScreen.progname + ".p").
TempTableName = "t" + MaintScreen.TableName .
put unformatted "define temp-table " TempTableName
" like "
   MaintScreen.TableName skip
   "field tRowid as rowid. "
skip.
```

put unformatted "." skip(1) "form " skip.



Screen Generation

```
put "form " skip.
  for each maintfield
 where maintfield.progname = MaintScreen.progname
    and MaintScreen.framename = maintfield.framename no-lock:
    put unformatted tempTableName "." FieldName " at "
       maintfield.fieldcol skip.
  end.
  put unformatted
    "with " skip
    " row " framerow skip
    " column " framecol skip
    " size " framewidth " by " frameheight skip
    if FrameBox then "" else " no-box " skip
    " side-label " skip
    if session:window-system <> "tty" then " three-d" else ""
  skip
    " frame " MaintScreen.framename "." skip(1).
```



Data Retrieval

```
put unformatted "run get " MaintScreen.TableName ".p"
   "('" MaintScreen.TableName "',"
   MaintScreen.gueryphrase ","
   MaintScreen.OneRecord
   ", input-output table " TempTableName ")."
   skip(1)
   "find first " TempTableName "." skip(1)
   "display " skip.
 for each maintfield where maintfield.progname =
 MaintScreen.progname
   and MaintScreen.framename = maintfield.framename no-lock:
   put unformatted tempTableName "." FieldName skip.
 end.
 put unformatted
   "with frame " skip
  MaintScreen.framename "." skip(1).
 output close.
```



Generated Application



Resulting Program

```
define temp-table tso mstr like so mstr field tRowid as rowid.
define variable hAppServer as handle.
form
tso mstr.so nbr at 7
tso mstr.so cust at 23.88
tso mstr.so bill at 39.75
tso_mstr.so_ship at 56.63
with
 row 3
                     size 80 by 2
                                   no-box
          column 1
 side-label three-d frame a.
view frame a.
run get_so_mstr.p on hAppServer
  ('so mstr', true, yes, input-output table tso mstr).
find first tso mstr.
display
tso mstr.so nbr
tso_mstr.so_cust
tso mstr.so bill
tso mstr.so ship
with frame a.
```



Original Screen

Sales Order Maintenance				
<u>U</u> ser Menu <u>E</u> dit Queue <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp)			
				<u>⊳</u> ; ⊠ 🔍
Order: 10001 1000-100	10000 Bill-To:	01000000	Ship-To: 01000002	
Sold-To		Ship-To)	
Colossal Conglomerates LTD		wss inc		
Suite 1000 Colossal Building		123 Heritage		
Colossal Industrial Park				
Evanston IL 0)90876	Carbondale	со	81623
United States of America		United States	of America	
		J		
Order Date: 01/25/95	Line Pricing:	yes	Confirmed: yes	01/25/94
Required Date: 01/26/98	Manual:	10	Currency: USD	Language:
Promise Date: 01/26/98	Site:	12000	Taxable: yes	0
Due Date: 01/01/95	Channel:	abc	F	ixed Price: no
Pricing Date: 01/26/98	Project:	adsf	Cri	edit Terms:
Purchase Order: AB123			Credit	Terms Int: 0.00
Remarks:				Reprice: no
Entered By:				
F1=Help 2=Go ESC=End *Next/Prev* Ctrl->	K/C/V=Cut-Copy-Past	e		



Resulting Frame

	P									_	
\langle		Sales Order:	10001	Sold-To: 0100000	D Bill-1	o: 01000000)	Ship-To: (01000002	>	
	Proced	ure complete.	Press space b	ar to continue.							
									EX	cnang	Ne
MC	0VE-8: Se	eparating Inte	ertace		56					40	UÓ

Application Considerations



New Code Logic

- Re-usable libraries
- Consistently used code
- Put common code in one module



Server-side validation





Multiple persistent procedures

- Memory vs. speed
- Progress is pretty efficient
- Memory is cheaper



Re-usable queries

- Queries by table
- One program or many
- Dynamic queries
- Flexible
- Hard to read / maintain



Keep what works!

- Don't redo every line of code
- Much functionality is robust
- Redo what needs help
- Many parts of existing code were slapped together
- Others are added to, and added to...



The Big Picture

- If your application works, it's "right"
- Complete rewrites are extremely difficult
 - Many companies have failed to accomplish them
- You have one chance at this, so do it right!



The Big Picture

- Many parts of your existing code were slapped together
 - (prototype becomes production)
- Others were added to, and added to...
- Streamline bad code when feasible
- Keep old code when reasonable



Move simple validation toward the client

- Load static data to temp-tables
 - At startup
 - Only when needed
- Consider local flat files
- Keep database accesses distinct from logic
- Consider using distinct modules to populate temp tables
- Benchmark efficiency



Code Architecture

- Re-structure but don't over-structure
- Use the right technology for the environment
- Super-procedures
- Persistent procedures



Don't over-engineer

- Simpler is always better
- Be sparing of
 - Publish-subscribe
 - Dynamic objects
 - Examples of why



What's Possible

- Single-platform
- Host-based TTY
- GUI Client-server
- Not much different from web based
- App-server based
- Web Client gives rich interface
- .NET possible, but beware



Generating Code

A repository is key to

- Consistency
- Changeability



Summary

Application Migration is

- Everybody's Goal
- Not Simple
- Not Impossible



Summary

Look at Models

- DWP
- OpenEdge® Reference Architecture
- Other Vendors / developers



Questions?

Thanks

John Campbell White Star Software

